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QUAINT OAK BANCORP, INC. ANNOUNCES THIRD QUARTER EARNINGS

Southampton, PA – Quaint Oak Bancorp, Inc. (the “Company”) (OTCQB: QNTO), the holding company for Quaint Oak Bank (the “Bank”), announced today that net income for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 was \$1.0 million, or \$0.51 per basic and \$0.50 per diluted share, compared to \$802,000, or \$0.41 per basic and \$0.40 per diluted share for the same period in 2019. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$2.2 million, or \$1.10 per basic and \$1.08 per diluted share, compared to \$1.9 million, or \$0.96 per basic and \$0.94 per diluted share for the same period in 2019.

Robert T. Strong, President and Chief Executive Officer stated, “I am very pleased to present the Company’s earnings for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, which exceeded \$1.0 million, an increase of 25.7% over the same period in 2019. This new benchmark was accompanied by an increase in year to date net income of 15.5% when compared to the same nine month period of 2019. Additionally, we have continued to experience strong asset growth, this calendar year, with total assets of over \$420.0 million at September 30, 2020, representing a 39.6% increase in assets since December 31, 2019.”

Mr. Strong added, “Our asset growth this calendar year has been spurred by an increase in loans receivable, net of allowances for loan losses, of over \$98.0 million. This asset growth was supported by a 31.5% growth in deposits during the same nine month calendar year period. Our deposit growth brought with it a 50 basis point decrease in rate on average CD accounts for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, compared to the prior year quarterly period.”

Mr. Strong continued, “Our asset quality continued its positive trend with non-performing assets as a percent of total assets dropping to 0.35% along with our non-performing loans as a percent of total loans receivable, net, being reduced to 0.32%, both as of September 30, 2020. Although our asset quality continues to improve, we have increased our provision for loan losses by 94.7% during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to the prior year nine month period. This action is not an indication of concern but one of caution for the unknown performance of assets during the continuing pandemic period.”

Mr. Strong commented, “In addition, we have been successful in reducing the OREO portfolio to one remaining residential unit. This action has contributed to our Texas ratio reduction as of quarter end to 4.92%.”

Mr. Strong concluded, “The Company has repurchased an additional 19,830 shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. To date we have repurchased 40% of the original shares issued in our initial public offering. We are, additionally, very pleased to have continued paying dividends without reduction during the pandemic period. As always, in conjunction with having maintained a strong repurchase plan, our current and continued business strategy includes long-term profitability and payment of dividends reflecting our strong commitment to shareholder value.”

In light of the events surrounding the COVID-19 epidemic, the Company is continually assessing the effects of the pandemic on its employees, customers and the communities we serve. In March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the “CARES Act”) was enacted. The CARES Act contains many provisions related to banking, lending, mortgage forbearance and taxation. The Company has worked diligently to help support its existing and new customers through the SBA Paycheck Protection Program (“SBA PPP”), loan modifications, loan deferrals and fee waivers. As of

September 30, 2020, the Bank has funded 858 SBA PPP loans totaling approximately \$98.4 million to customers located primarily in our market area.

The Bank is also working with our customers affected by COVID-19 through payment accommodations on their loans. Borrowers who were current prior to becoming affected by COVID-19, that received payment accommodations as a result of the pandemic, generally are not reported as past due. Effects of COVID-19 may negatively impact management assumptions and estimates, such as the allowance for loan losses. The Bank continues to evaluate all payment accommodations to customers to identify and quantify any impact they might have on the Bank. However, it is difficult to assess or predict how and to what extent COVID-19 will affect the Company in the future.

Net income amounted to \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020, an increase of \$206,000, or 25.7%, compared to net income of \$802,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase in net income on a comparative quarterly basis was primarily the result of an increase in net interest income of \$695,000, and an increase in non-interest income of \$235,000, partially offset by an increase in non-interest expense of \$606,000, the provision for loan losses of \$44,000, and the provision for income taxes of \$74,000.

The \$695,000 or 32.0% increase in net interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2020 over the comparable period in 2019 was driven by a \$685,000, 19.4%, increase in interest income and a \$10,000, or 0.7%, decrease in interest expense. The increase in interest income was primarily due to a \$117.8 million increase in average loans receivable, net, including loans held for sale, which increased from an average balance of \$242.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$360.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest income \$1.6 million. This increase in interest income was partially offset by a 97 basis point decrease in the yield on average loans receivable, net, including loans held for sale, which decreased from 5.48% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to 4.51% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of decreasing interest income \$878,000. Also contributing to the increase in interest income was a \$14.2 million increase in average cash and cash equivalents due from banks, interest bearing, which increased from an average balance of \$7.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$21.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest income \$94,000. Partially offsetting this increase was a 255 basis point decrease in the yield on average cash and cash equivalents due from banks, interest bearing, which decreased from 2.62% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to 0.07% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of reducing interest income \$142,000.

The decrease in interest expense was primarily attributable to a 50 basis point decrease in rate on average certificate of deposit accounts, which decreased from 2.36% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to 1.86% for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of decreasing interest expense by \$246,000. This decrease was partially offset by a \$22.0 million increase in average certificate of deposit accounts which increased from an average balance of \$176.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$198.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest expense \$129,000. The decrease in interest expense was also partially offset by an increase in average Federal Reserve Bank borrowings of \$48.9 million which had the effect of increasing interest expense by \$43,000. The average interest rate spread decreased from 2.92% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.58% for the three months ended September 30, 2020 while the net interest margin decreased from 3.20% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.84% for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

The \$44,000, or 28.0%, increase in the provision for loan losses for the three months ended September 30, 2020 over the three months ended September 30, 2019 was based on an evaluation of the allowance relative to such factors as volume of the loan portfolio, concentrations of credit risk, prevailing

economic conditions, which includes the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, prior loan loss experience and amount of non-performing loans at September 30, 2020.

The \$235,000, or 14.3%, increase in non-interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2020 over the comparable period in 2019 was primarily attributable to a \$213,000, or 21.4%, increase in net gain on loans held for sale, a \$149,000 increase in other fees and service charges, a \$51,000, or 14.6%, increase in mortgage banking and title abstract fees, and a \$21,000, or 19.3%, increase in insurance commissions. The increase in other fees and service charges was primarily due to the increase in loan prepayment fees. These increases were partially offset by a \$110,000 loss on the sale of other real estate owned, a \$79,000, or 80.6%, decrease in gain on sales from SBA loans, and a \$9,000, or 11.7%, decrease in real estate sales commissions, net.

The \$606,000, 23.9% increase in non-interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2020 over the comparable period in 2019 was primarily due to a \$369,000, or 20.8%, increase in salaries and employee benefits expense, a \$70,000, or 38.7%, increase in occupancy and equipment expense, a \$59,000, or 29.5%, increase in other expense, a \$56,000, or 46.3%, increase in data processing expense, and a \$38,000 increase in FDIC deposit insurance assessment. The increase in salaries and benefits is primarily due to generally expanding and improving the level of staff at the Bank and its subsidiary companies.

The provision for income tax increased \$74,000, or 23.0%, from \$322,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$396,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 due primarily to the increase in pre-tax income.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, net income increased \$291,000, or 15.5%, from \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in net income was primarily the result of an increase in net interest income of \$1.4 million, and an increase in non-interest income of \$622,000, partially offset by an increase in non-interest expense of \$1.3 million, an increase in the provision for loan losses of \$303,000, and an increase in the provision for income taxes of \$94,000.

The \$1.4 million, or 21.2%, increase in net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 over the comparable period in 2019 was driven by a \$1.5 million, or 14.5%, increase in interest income, partially offset by a \$150,000, or 3.7%, increase in interest expense. The increase in interest income was primarily due to a \$79.1 million increase in average loans receivable, net, including loans held for sale, which increased from an average balance of \$232.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$311.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest income \$3.3 million. Offsetting this increase was a 65 basis point decrease in the yield on average loans receivable, net, including loans held for sale, which decreased from 5.55% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 4.90% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, which had the effect of decreasing interest income \$1.5 million. The increase in interest income was also partially offset by a 191 basis point decrease in the yield on average cash and cash equivalents due from banks, interest bearing, which decreased from 2.43% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 0.52% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, which had the effect of decreasing interest income \$255,000.

The increase in interest expense was primarily attributable to a \$16.8 million increase in average certificate of deposit accounts which increased from an average balance of \$175.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$192.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest expense \$288,000. Partially offsetting this increase was a 22 basis point decrease in rate on average certificate of deposit accounts, which decreased from 2.29% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.07% for the nine months ended

September 30, 2020, and had the effect of decreasing interest expense by \$318,000. The increase in interest expense was also due to a \$6.0 million increase in average FHLB borrowings which increased from an average balance of \$24.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to an average balance of \$30.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of increasing interest expense \$81,000. Partially offsetting this increase was a 27 basis point decrease in rate on average FHLB borrowings, which decreased from 2.40% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.13% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and had the effect of decreasing interest expense by \$35,000. Also contributing to the increase in interest expense was an increase in average Federal Reserve Bank borrowings of \$24.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 which had the effect of increasing interest expense by \$66,000. The average interest rate spread decreased from 2.92% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 while the net interest margin decreased from 3.18% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.97% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

The \$303,000, or 95.3%, increase in the provision for loan losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 over the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was based on an evaluation of the allowance relative to such factors as volume of the loan portfolio, concentrations of credit risk, prevailing economic conditions, which includes the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, prior loan loss experience and amount of non-performing loans at September 30, 2020.

The \$622,000, or 15.8%, increase in non-interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 over the comparable period in 2019 was primarily attributable to a \$520,000, or 22.6%, increase in net gain on loans held for sale, a \$226,000, or 27.6%, increase in mortgage banking and title abstract fees, a \$93,000, or 109.4%, increase in other fees and service charges, and a \$40,000, or 13.0%, increase in insurance commissions. These increases were partially offset by a \$167,000, or 70.2%, decrease in gain on the sales of SBA loans, and a \$92,000, loss on sale of other real estate owned.

The \$1.3 million, or 17.6%, increase in non-interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 was primarily attributable to a \$735,000, or 14.2%, increase in salaries and employee benefits expense, a \$158,000, or 30.7%, increase in occupancy and equipment expense, a \$135,000, or 23.3%, increase in other expenses, a \$133,000, or 39.0%, increase in data processing expense, a \$57,000, or 20.2%, increase in professional fees, and a \$45,000, or 112.5% increase in FDIC deposit insurance assessment. The increase in salaries and benefits is primarily due to generally expanding and improving the level of staff at the Bank and its subsidiary companies.

The provision for income tax increased \$94,000, or 12.2%, from \$772,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$866,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 due primarily to an increase in pre-tax income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

The Company's total assets at September 30, 2020 were \$422.3 million, an increase of \$119.8 million, or 39.6%, from \$302.5 million at December 31, 2019. This growth in total assets was primarily due to a \$98.4 million, or 39.9%, increase, in loans receivable, net, and a \$22.1 million, or 247.1%, increase in loans held for sale. The largest increases within the loan portfolio occurred in commercial business loans which increased \$95.5 million, or 208.7%, and commercial real estate loans which increased \$9.6 million, or 8.1%. The increase in commercial business loans was due primarily to the \$95.0 million of SBA PPP loans generated during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. These increases were partially offset by a \$5.0 million, or 40.0%, decrease in construction loans.

Loans held for sale increased \$22.1 million, or 247.1%, from \$8.9 million at December 31, 2019 to \$31.0 million at September 30, 2020 as the Bank's mortgage banking subsidiary, Quaint Oak Mortgage, LLC, originated \$135.7 million of one-to-four family residential loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and sold \$113.6 million of loans in the secondary market during this same

period. The Bank did not originate or sell any equipment loans held for sale during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Total deposits increased \$71.6 million, or 31.5%, to \$299.0 million at September 30, 2020 from \$227.5 million at December 31, 2019. This increase in deposits was primarily attributable to increases of \$35.1 million, or 137.7%, in money market accounts, \$20.5 million, or 129.6%, in non-interest bearing checking accounts, and \$16.0 million, or 8.7%, in certificates of deposit. The increase in non-interest bearing checking accounts was primarily due to the checking accounts opened by PPP loan customers.

Total Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) borrowings decreased \$3.1 million, or 8.5%, to \$33.2 million at September 30, 2020 from \$36.3 million at December 31, 2019. Short-term FHLB advances declined from \$10.0 million at December 31, 2019 to \$4.0 million at September 30, 2020 as the Company used excess liquidity to pay-off \$2.0 million of advances and termed-out \$4.0 million of advances at varying maturities. Long-term FHLB borrowings increased \$2.9 million, or 11.1%, from \$26.3 million at December 31, 2019 to \$29.2 million at September 30, 2020, primarily as a result of the \$4.0 million term-out of short-term borrowings and the pay-off of a \$1.0 million term loan that matured in September 2020. Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) long-term borrowings increased to \$48.8 million from none at December 31, 2019 as the Company utilized FRB borrowings to fund PPP loans under the FRB's Paycheck Protection Program Liquidity Facility (PPPLF). Under the PPPLF the Company pledged certain PPP loans as collateral and borrowed from the FRB at a rate of 0.35% that is fixed for two years.

Total stockholders' equity increased \$2.0 million, or 7.5%, to \$27.9 million at September 30, 2020 from \$25.9 million at December 31, 2019. Contributing to the increase was net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 of \$2.2 million, amortization of stock awards and options under our stock compensation plans of \$130,000, common stock earned by participants in the employee stock ownership plan of \$129,000, the reissuance of treasury stock for exercised stock options of \$102,000, the reissuance of treasury stock under the Bank's 401(k) Plan of \$69,000, and other comprehensive income, net of \$67,000. These increases were partially offset by dividends paid of \$537,000, and the purchase of treasury stock of \$181,000.

Non-performing loans amounted to \$1.1 million or 0.32% of net loans receivable at September 30, 2020, consisting of four loans, two loans of which are on non-accrual status and two loans are 90 days or more past due and accruing interest. Comparably, non-performing loans amounted to \$362,000 or 0.15% of net loans receivable at December 31, 2019, consisting of two loans, one loan of which was on non-accrual status and one loan was 90 days or more past due and accruing interest. The non-performing loans at September 30, 2020 include two commercial real estate loans, one one-to-four family owner occupied residential loan, and one 1-4 family non-owner occupied residential loan, and all are generally well-collateralized or adequately reserved for. The allowance for loan losses as a percent of total loans receivable was 0.82% at September 30, 2020 and 0.90% at December 31, 2019. Excluding PPP loans, which are 100% guaranteed by the SBA, the allowance for loan losses to total loans was 1.11% at September 30, 2020.

Other real estate owned (OREO) amounted to \$1.8 million at December 31, 2019 consisting of four properties that were collateral for a non-performing construction loan. At September 30, 2020, OREO amounted to \$389,000, consisting of one property that was collateral for a non-performing construction loan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company made \$268,000 of capital improvements to the properties, sold three properties totaling \$1.7 million and realized a net loss of \$92,000. Non-performing assets amounted to \$1.5 million, or 0.35% of total assets at September 30, 2020 compared to \$2.2 million, or 0.72% of total assets at December 31, 2019.

Quaint Oak Bancorp, Inc. is the parent company for the Quaint Oak Family of Companies. Quaint Oak Bank, a Pennsylvania-chartered stock savings bank and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company,

headquartered in Southampton, Pennsylvania and the Bank's subsidiary companies conduct business through three regional offices located in the Delaware Valley, Lehigh Valley and Philadelphia markets and a New Britain Township location. Quaint Oak Bank's subsidiary companies include Quaint Oak Abstract, LLC, Quaint Oak Insurance Agency, LLC, Quaint Oak Mortgage, LLC and Quaint Oak Real Estate, LLC.

Statements contained in this news release which are not historical facts may be forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors. Factors which could result in material variations include, but are not limited to, changes in interest rates which could affect net interest margins and net interest income, competitive factors which could affect net interest income and noninterest income, changes in demand for loans, deposits and other financial services in the Company's market area; changes in asset quality, general economic conditions as well as other factors discussed in documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. The Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which such statements were made.

In addition to factors previously disclosed in the reports filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission and those identified elsewhere in this press release, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance: the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which the Company conducts its operations; general economic conditions; the scope and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic; the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, including on the Company's credit quality and operations as well as its impact on general economic conditions; legislative and regulatory changes including actions taken by governmental authorities in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; monetary and fiscal policies of the federal government; changes in tax policies, rates and regulations of federal, state and local tax authorities including the effects of the Tax Reform Act; changes in interest rates, deposit flows, the cost of funds, demand for loan products and the demand for financial services, in each case as may be affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, competition, changes in the quality or composition of the Company's loan, investment and mortgage-backed securities portfolios; geographic concentration of the Company's business; fluctuations in real estate values; the adequacy of loan loss reserves; the risk that goodwill and intangibles recorded in the Company's financial statements will become impaired; changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines and other economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors affecting the Company's operations, markets, products, services and fees.

QUAINT OAK BANCORP, INC.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In Thousands)

| | At September 30, 2020 | At December 31, 2019 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | (Unaudited) | (Unaudited) |
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 9,784 | \$ 14,555 |
| Investment in interest-earning time deposits | 9,463 | 10,172 |
| Investment securities available for sale at fair value | 10,950 | 7,623 |
| Loans held for sale | 30,986 | 8,928 |
| Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses (2020: \$2,852; 2019: \$2,231) | 345,060 | 246,692 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 2,787 | 1,349 |
| Investment in Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost | 1,465 | 1,580 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 4,033 | 3,974 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 2,332 | 2,226 |
| Goodwill | 515 | 515 |
| Other intangible, net of accumulated amortization | 283 | 319 |
| Other real estate owned, net | 389 | 1,824 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets | 4,256 | 2,783 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$422,303</u> | <u>\$302,540</u> |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ 36,227 | \$ 15,775 |
| Interest-bearing | <u>262,816</u> | <u>211,683</u> |
| Total deposits | 299,043 | 227,458 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank advances | 33,193 | 36,271 |
| Federal Reserve Bank advances | 48,834 | - |
| Subordinated debt | 7,890 | 7,865 |
| Accrued interest payable | 454 | 314 |
| Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance | 1,787 | 2,780 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 3,245 | 1,945 |
| Total Liabilities | 394,446 | 276,633 |
| Stockholders' Equity | <u>27,857</u> | <u>25,907</u> |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | <u>\$422,303</u> | <u>\$302,540</u> |

QUAINT OAK BANCORP, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
(In Thousands, except share data)

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, | | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | (Unaudited) | | (Unaudited) | |
| Interest Income | \$4,223 | \$3,538 | \$11,927 | \$10,417 |
| Interest Expense | <u>1,357</u> | <u>1,367</u> | <u>4,161</u> | <u>4,011</u> |
| Net Interest Income | 2,866 | 2,171 | 7,766 | 6,406 |
| Provision for Loan Losses | <u>201</u> | <u>157</u> | <u>621</u> | <u>318</u> |
| Net Interest Income after Provision for Loan Losses | 2,665 | 2,014 | 7,145 | 6,088 |
| Non-Interest Income | 1,880 | 1,645 | 4,555 | 3,933 |
| Non-Interest Expense | <u>3,141</u> | <u>2,535</u> | <u>8,663</u> | <u>7,369</u> |
| Income before Income Taxes | 1,404 | 1,124 | 3,037 | 2,652 |
| Income Taxes | <u>396</u> | <u>322</u> | <u>866</u> | <u>772</u> |
| Net Income | <u>\$1,008</u> | <u>\$802</u> | <u>\$2,171</u> | <u>\$1,880</u> |

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Per Common Share Data: | (Unaudited) | | (Unaudited) | |
| Earnings per share – basic | <u>\$0.51</u> | <u>\$0.41</u> | <u>\$1.10</u> | <u>\$0.96</u> |
| Average shares outstanding – basic | <u>1,982,697</u> | <u>1,966,003</u> | <u>1,975,111</u> | <u>1,953,367</u> |
| Earnings per share – diluted | <u>\$0.50</u> | <u>\$0.40</u> | <u>\$1.08</u> | <u>\$0.94</u> |
| Average shares outstanding - diluted | <u>2,010,815</u> | <u>2,011,575</u> | <u>2,010,648</u> | <u>1,999,794</u> |
| Book value per share, end of period | <u>\$13.95</u> | <u>\$12.80</u> | <u>\$13.95</u> | <u>\$12.80</u> |
| Shares outstanding, end of period | <u>1,997,304</u> | <u>1,996,489</u> | <u>1,997,304</u> | <u>1,996,489</u> |

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Selected Operating Ratios: | (Unaudited) | | (Unaudited) | |
| Average yield on interest-earning assets | 4.18% | 5.22% | 4.56% | 5.17% |
| Average rate on interest-bearing liabilities | 1.60% | 2.30% | 1.88% | 2.25% |
| Average interest rate spread | 2.58% | 2.92% | 2.68% | 2.92% |
| Net interest margin | 2.84% | 3.20% | 2.97% | 3.18% |
| Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities | 119.30% | 114.01% | 118.32% | 113.30% |
| Efficiency ratio | 84.85% | 68.56% | 82.47% | 71.27% |

Asset Quality Ratios (1):

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Non-performing loans as a percent of total loans receivable, net | 0.32% | 0.39% | 0.32% | 0.39% |
| Non-performing assets as a percent of total assets | 0.35% | 0.99% | 0.35% | 0.99% |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percent of non-performing loans | 263.61% | 244.98% | 263.61% | 244.98% |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percent of total loans receivable | 0.82% | 0.95% | 0.82% | 0.95% |
| Texas Ratio (2) | 4.92% | 10.75% | 4.92% | 10.75% |

(1) Asset quality ratios are end of period ratios.

(2) Total non-performing assets divided by tangible common equity plus the allowance for loan losses.

Contact

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